

EXCERPTS FROM GERMAN PUBLICATIONS

1. "It was no Peace Treaty which they have signed, but a betrayal of Peace... So long as this Treaty stands there can be no resurrection of the German people: no social reform of any kind is possible. The Treaty was made in order to bring 20 million Germans to their deaths and to ruin the German nation. But those who made the Treaty cannot set it aside. At its foundation our movement formulated three demands:

- 1) Setting aside of the Peace Treaty
- 2) Unification of all Germans
- 3) Land and soil (Grund und Boden) to feed our nation

Our Movement could formulate these demands, since it was not our Movement which caused the War, it has not made the Republic, it did not sign the Peace Treaty."

Hitler, Speech at Munich, 13 April 1923 -  
Adolf Hitler's Reden, Munich 1935, p. 66.

2. The day must come when a German government shall summon up the courage to declare to the foreign powers: "The Treaty of Versailles is founded on a monstrous lie. We fulfill nothing more. Do what you will! If you want battle, look for it! Then we shall see whether you can turn 70 million Germans into serfs and slaves!"

Hitler, Speech of 1 August 1923 -  
Adolf Hitler's Reden, Munich, 1935, p. 90

3. "Is it not these criminals, this Jewry, who are the real foes of the Republic, these men who from the day of its birth burdened it with the lie that this people was guilty of the World War? And have they not undermined the Republic and thereby given to the foreign powers the spiritual arms with which these Powers for the last three years shower blows upon us and oppress us and say to us 'you deserve it, for you yourselves have confessed your guilt!' And have not they opposed the Republic, who have so reduced all power of resistance that today every Hottentot State is in a position to lord it over Germany? And do they not ceaselessly oppose Germany, who have brought us, once the people of honour, so low that we have a reputation for the meanest economic corruption and the most debased political outlook?"  
(Gesinnungslumperei)

Hitler, Speech on "Free State or Slavery," 28 July 1924  
Adolf Hitler's Reden, Munich 1925, p. 39

4. "We must call to account the November criminals of 1918. It cannot be that 2 million Germans should have died in vain and that afterwards one should sit down as friends at the same table with traitors. No, we do not pardon, we demand - Vengeance.

Hitler, Speech of 18 September 1922, p. 48 -  
Adolf Hitler's Reden, Munich 1925, p. 48

5. "Clear away the Jews! Our people has genius enough-we need : Hebrews. If we were to put in their place intelligences drawn from the great body of our people, then we have found anew the bridge which leads to the community of the people."

Hitler, Speech 27 April 1923 on "the Paradise of the Jew or the State of the German People" - Adolf Hitler's Reden, Munich 1925 (Pamphlet), p. 77

6. "Amid the most terrible disintegration the old Nordic racial spirit is none the less awakened to new, higher consciousness. It realizes finally that there can be no equality in the neighbourly existence (gleichberechtigtes Nebeneinander) of mutually and necessarily exclusive supreme values, to which either neighbour right at some time consent to its own present destruction (Verderben). It realizes that elements racially and spiritually related may be included, but that foreign elements must undoubtedly be extruded, and, when necessary, overcome. Not because they are 'false' or 'bad' in themselves, but because they are foreign generically (artfremd) and destroy the internal structure of our essence."

Rosenberg, Der Mythos des 20 Jahrhunderts. Eine Wertung der seelischgeistigen Gestaltenkämpfe unserer Zeit. Munich, 1931; 4th ed., 1934 pp. 118-119.  
Vansittart, Ed. Thus Spake Germany, p. 149. 1931

7. "Therefore, the call for our own space, our own bread, is a condition for the validation of spiritual values, the forming the German character. In this great struggle for existence, for honour, freedom and bread on the part of such a creative nation as Germany, consideration cannot be given to presumptuous speakers of other people, who are as impotent as they are devoid of values. The land must be made free, so German farmers' fists can plow it. Only through this, will there be a possibility for Free Breathing (aufatmen) for the German people, who are pressed into the smallest space. Through this, too, the beginning of a new era of culture for the white man."

Rosenberg, Der Mythos des 20 Jahrhunderts. Eine Wertung der seelischgeistigen Gestaltenkämpfe unserer Zeit. Munich, 1931; 4th ed., 1934, p. 676.  
Vansittart, ed., Thus Spake Germany, p. 282, 1931.

8. "Always before God and the world, the stronger has the right to carry through his will. History proves it: He, who has no might, has no use for might."

Hitler, Speech of 13 April 1923 - Adolf Hitler's Reden, Munich, 1925, p. 55

9. "Four and a half years after the proclamation of universal conscription ("Wehrfreiheit), which restored the right of every German to fight with the weapon in his hand for the vital rights of his country, the German Wehrmacht was mobilized for the preservation of the Greater German Lebensraum. The Wehrmacht was prepared for this battle . . ."

Major Schmidtke, Nationalsozialistisches Jahrbuch 1941, p. 168

10. "The only possible conditions under which a German State can develop at all must therefore be: Unification of all Germans in Europe, education toward a national consciousness, and readiness to place the whole national strength without exception in the service of the nation" . . . .

Hitler, Speech, 10 April 1923 in Munich  
Adolf Hitler's Reden, Munich, 1925, p. 50

11. "We were not founded, for an election, but to jump in as the last help in the hour of greatest need, at a moment when in fear and despair it sees the approach of the Red Monster. Therefore, the task of our movement is today not to prepare ourselves for any coming election but to prepare for the coming collapse of the Reich, so that when the old trunk falls the young fir-tree already stands there."

Hitler, Speech, 5 September 1923  
Adolf Hitler's Reden, Munich, 1925 p. 108

12. "Only those organizations can lay claim to the institution of the leadership principle and to the national socialist meaning of the state and people in the National Socialist meaning of the term, which . . . have been integrated into, supervised and formed by the Party and which, in the future, will continue to do so. All others which conduct an organizational life of their own are to be rejected as outsiders and will either have to adjust themselves or disappear from public life."

Organisationsbuch der NSDAP, 1937 and 1943 editions, p. 92

13. "In the NSDAP, the Fuehrer has created for himself an instrument which, built up, developed, and geared to action by him, sets the goal and direction for the entire German people."

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"The taking over of leadership by the NSDAP in 1933 brought about the seizure of all power instruments (Machtmittel) and institutions of the state by National Socialism in order to mobilize these (instruments and institutions) for the intellectual and psychological preparation of the people for the complete removal of the oppressing treaties and of the humiliating situation of the Reich."

Fritz Mehnert, Chief of the Main Organization Office  
of the NSDAP  
Nationalsozialistisches Jahrbuch, 1941, Munich, p. 175

14. "The organization of the Party is so strong and so thoroughly developed that today it embraces (erfasst) all homes (Haushalte) of all Volksgenossen in the territory of the Reich, including the territories added in the years 1938 and 1939."

Fritz Mehnert, Chief of the Main Organization Office  
of the NSDAP  
Nationalsozialistisches Jahrbuch, 1941, Munich, p. 179

CERTIFICATE OF TRANSLATION  
OF DOCUMENT 2405-PS.

3 November 1945

I, FRED NIEBERGALL, 2nd Lt. Inf., O-1335567, hereby certify that I am thoroughly conversant with the English and German languages; and that the above is a correct and true translation of Document 2405-PS.

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