

Interrogation of Alfred JODL D
By Lt Col T. S. HINKEL
Time 7 November 1945 - P. M.

JODL identified the Czechoslovakian and Polish maps found with his papers (Document 1812 PS). He stated that the handwritten notations on the Czechoslovakian map indicated the occupational zones established by the Munich agreement and the figures thereon represented the dates in October 1938 when the zones were to be occupied by German troops. He stated that this map had been prepared at the time of the Munich agreement. With regard to the Polish map, JODL stated that the heavy red line marked "line of demarkation" indicated the Russian/German zones in Poland. He stated that this line had been drawn on the map sometime in the period 18/20 September 1939 as a result of the conferences with the Russians on this point.

JODL was interrogated on items 33 to 54 of the "Big SCHMUNDT" file on Case Green (Document 388-PS). He identified all the documents contained therein either through having personally prepared them and signed them, through recognizing SCHMUNDT's handwriting, or through recognizing KEITEL's signature. With reference to particular items in the SCHMUNDT file, it was ascertained:

- a) Item 32 - dated 27 September 1938.
- b) Item 36 - JODL did not recall the function of the Totenkopf SS units stationed along the Czechoslovakian border but believed they were there to carry out security measures.
- c) Items 45-48 - ~~W~~LER was at the Berghof during the period in which the several messages were addressed to him and he remained there, according to JODL, from about 1 October to 17 October 1938.
- d) Item 48 - The telegram is dated 11 October 1938 and the handwriting in the border thereof is that of SCHMUNDT. JODL's explanation of this document was that a report had been received that armed Communists in Iglau, in unoccupied Czechoslovakia, had created incidents and that HITLER probably contemplated taking action if these incidents did not stop.
- e) Item 1 - This is a handwritten document by SCHMUNDT containing various matters for which JODL said he could offer no explanation as he did not know with what they were concerned. JODL stated that the memorandum was

written much later than the KEITEL/HITLER meeting of 21 April 1938, set forth in Item 2, and although he did not know the exact date, he thought that probably it was prepared at the end of 1938.

JODL stated that for the Czechoslovakian operation, 30 September or 1 October 1938 had been selected by HITLER as the date on which action would be taken. According to JODL's statement, action would be taken whether or not the diplomatic maneuverings succeeded.

HINKEL