When, where and in what circumstances did you meet Hitler?

When and for what reason did you decide to join the Hitler movement?

Did you return from Sweden in order to carry on political activity?

What part did you play at the beginning of the Nazi movement and what functions were assigned to you?

What was the relation of SA in 1922 and 1923 to the Nazi Party, either as an independent military organization or an anti-republic group?

What specific objectives were given to the SA in those years 1922-1923?

Were its members armed and with what weapons?

Were they trained in street fighting tactics?

What was the method of instruction and for what purpose were they so instructed?

In case the Munich Putsch of 1923 had been successful, what had you planned to do with the SA?

Were your plans identical with the plans of Hitler in this respect?

How far had the organization of the SA been completed that you felt able to tell Hitler in January 1923 that your task in regard to that organization was completed?

Did Hitler undertake the Munich Putsch of November 8-9, 1923 after consultation with you as to the strength of the SA?

How did you make your escape from Munich after the Putsch?

Were you aided in your escape by the Munich police?

What did you do while in Austria to maintain contact with SA and NSDAP men who, though not imprisoned, remained in Germany?
2.

Where were the funds obtained to carry on the election campaign of 1928?

Were any of these funds furnished by business or industrial concerns?

Did your duties as politischer Beauftragter des Führers der NSDAP in the Berlin area include having direction of the street fighting such as that in which Herst Wessel was killed?

What were your other duties in the office?

At that time what duties were assigned to Hess?

Hitler had issued an order prohibiting SA illegal activity, is that true?

Did he intend this order to be obeyed or was it issued only to deceive the authorities?

In 1931 who were those within the SA who directed the violation of this order?

Did the party leadership take responsibility for violation by the SA of the law in June 1930 prohibiting wearing of uniforms at political gatherings?

Did Hitler consider SA street fighting in the period 1930-1933 as illegal?

Did he direct that street fighting continue?

Did you send a telegram to the five SA men condemned to death in Beuthen, Upper Silesia for violation of the Emergency Decree on 28 August 1932?

What did you say in this telegram?

What was the activity of the SA in Hessen in August and September of 1931?

Do you know the publication called "Boxheimer Dokumente" prepared by Werner Best?

What was the subject matter of this document?

What knowledge did you have of this before it was published?
3.

Was the activity of these men in accord with party policy?

After this publication did you in November 1930 make public a statement that party operations were being legally carried on?

Were you directed to do this and if so by whom?

In Berlin in the middle of September 1931 there were a number of anti-Semitic attacks upon the Jews, were there not?

Did the Nazi Party incite these attacks?

Did the SA leadership stimulate them?

What was your attitude towards the Jews?

The Nazi Party had as part of its program, did it not, the social, economic, and political liquidation of the Jews? Did you approve this policy?

Did you do anything to have that program changed by the party?

What was the true motive behind the official policy of anti-Semitism? Was it ideological, political, social, or economic?

What was your reason for approving this policy?

Did you agree with the party policy that the final solution of the Jewish problem was Jewish extermination?

Was this the original plan of the Nazi Party or did it gradually develop?

Did you consider the elimination of the Jews a matter of fundamental belief or of expediency?

Do you agree that "the political foundation of the National Socialist party" was the program of the party publicly announced by Hitler at Munich on 24 February 1920?

And that program was decreed by Hitler as the political law of the state and remained unaltered during his life?
Included in the aims and purposes of the party, was there an expressed purpose
(1) to overthrow the Treaty of Versailles and its restrictions upon military
armament (2) to acquire the territories lost by Germany as a result of the World
War of 1914-1918 and other territory in Europe asserted to be occupied by
so-called "racial" Germans and (3) to acquire further territory in continental
Europe and elsewhere claimed to be required as living space, at the expense of
neutrals and other countries?

Among the Nazi leaders was it not intended that living space you claimed
to need would be found in the East?

Did you agree with Hess and with Rosenberg that Russia would be obliged to
"move over to make way"?

Do you know whether Ribbentrop held the same idea?

In order to accomplish the above aims and purposes by any means whether legal
or illegal or by force and aggressiveness.

Hitler stated in MEIN KAMPF did he not, his belief in "using even most brutal
weapons" to