

OFFICE OF U.S. CHIEF OF COUNSEL
FOR THE PROSECUTION OF AXIS CRIMINALITY

INTERROGATION DIVISION SUMMARY

Interrogation of Fritz Sauckel
By: Major Monigan, 18. September 1945, A.M., Nuremberg.

PERSONS AND ORGANIZATIONS IMPLICATED,
AND SUBJECTS

1. FRITZ SAUCKEL
 - a. Two personal Hand-written statements made part of record (p.9,15)
 - b. Responsibility for allocation of labor- not recruiting (p.1,2,3,4).
 1. Supply of labor to priority agencies, Speer's Ministry, Raeder's shipyards, etc. (p.9,10).
2. SPEER
 - a. Rigid Control of German labor supply (p.4,5-7,8,9,10,12,14,15)
 - b. Personalities in Ministry of Armaments (p.10,11)
3. FUNK
 - a. Ministry of Economics and war production (p.13)

RESPONSIBILITY FOR ALLOCATION OF LABOR

Maintains that higher echelons hired foreign workers (1 & 2).
His main job was to assign foreign workers, not the recruiting of them(p2)
Refers to his paper entitled " Die Enormen Forderungen etc." which deals
with the over-all needs of all branches of industry and economy (p.3)
Personnel changes from one industrial location to another consumed most
of his time.(p.3)

GERMANY'S WAR LABOR REQUIREMENTS

The over-all need was for 10,000,000 workers - half to be recruited from
foreign Countries.(p.3) 20 to 25,000,000 workers were involved in trans-
port from one industry to another (4) Reasons are given for the need for
labor and their transfer in so - called "false fluctuations"(5,6,7)
Number of workers for the war effort from April 1942 to February 1945 was
10½ to 11 millions- half foreign workers (7). Speer protected his factories
from Army draft requirements but all other departments suffered (8)

A two - page paper in the handwriting of the witness entitled "Die Haupt-
bedarfstraeger" is identified for the record (9). Following agencies were
supplied with Sauckel's labor first under the Four-Year Plan and finally
under the Central Planning Committee: (1) Speer's Ministry of Weapons and
Ammunition. (2) Milch's Air Ministry (3) Raeder's Shipyards

