Witness discusses further the meeting called at RSHA by Eichmann (1-15). Witness believes the invitation for the meeting was personally signed by Kaltenbrunner. Witness gave the impression that it had already been decided that the Jews should be exterminated and that the only question to be decided was the method (5). At conferences of government officials, when a man was sent from a service post to represent the views of that post, all participants took it for granted that the views he expressed were those of the leader of the service post, unless the speaker specifically said he was stating his personal opinion. Therefore, the witness supposed that everything that Eichmann expressed at this meeting was the opinion of Kaltenbrunner (13). During the winter 1943-1944, witness attended a meeting in Berlin at which Lammers presided and at which, among others, Sauckel, Speer, Funk, Ley and representatives of the occupied territories were present. The purpose of the meeting was to discuss how to increase the number of foreign workers in Germany. No suggestions as to how to meet Sauckel's demands were made. Dr. Ley became very excited and thought that passive resistance to German demands for workers in Italy could be helped by shootings (18-23).