DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).

Title and Nature: Frank's Diary
Date: 15 Sept 39 Original ( ) Copy (x) Language: German
to 3 April 45

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 18 Oct 1945:

OCC files Nürnberg

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: •G-C

PERSONS IMPLICATED: FRANK, Hans; HIMMLER, Heinrich; HITLER, Adolf
ROSENBERG, Alfred; SCHÜCKEL, Fritz; SELDTE, Franz and others listed
in document.

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Par. nos. of Summary below):

FORCED LABOR -- DEPORTATION -- CONCENTRATION CAMPS -- JEWS,
PERSECUTION OF -- ATROCITIES -- AGAINST CIVILIANS -- IDEOLOGY, N.A.ZI.
LEbensraum -- SPOLIATION OF FOREIGN PROPERTY -- Direct Seizure;
indirect spoliation -- ANNUXATION OF CONQUERED TERRITORIES -- NSD.P --
"P" -- POLICE: SD -- REICH GOVERNMENT AGENCIES: Those mentioned in
document.

39: Dr. Buchler, Josef, Frank's assistant; SS Gen Krüger,
ife of Police in General Government; SS Gen Globochen, Police
s. for Lublin District; Streckenbach, Pol. Pros. for Radom
trist; Dr. Fischer; Knobloch, Customs official and other
ationed in document.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS:

1. This diary of 38 volumes contains a complete history of
rank's activities as General Governor of Poland. It comprises
aries and various reports about conferences and discussions
some secret). Abbreviations: D.C. for Diary Volume and C.V.
Conference Volume.

2. The Diary must be considered from two aspects, one before
and the other after September 1942. Frank unsuccessfully attempted
to resign that month. Up to Sept. 1942 the responsibility for all
its and events in the Gen. Govt. was solely his. Numerous
tempts by Himmler, Speer and others to cut into his authority,
firmly rejected. After Sept. 1942 the document gives the
3. Forced Labor and Deportation:

(a) Frank orders forced labor for Jews and Poles. D.V. 1939: p. 8, 32

(b) POL. CH. SS Gen Krueger reports the creation of Jewish forced labor battalions. D.V. 1939: p. 44; D.C. 1939/40: p. 47.

(c) Frank decides on a law for the drafting of Poles into forced labor units. D.V. 1939/40: p. 7, 23. 1000 Polish workers are daily for Germany.

(d) Frank proposes to stop payments of allotments to the employed and therewith to force them to report for work in Germany. v. 1/1940 p. 198) Furthermore, he recommends to surround villages Police and deport Polish population to Germany for labor (D.V. 1939/40: p. 217; D.V. II/1940 p. 333)

(e) Forced recruiting of labor is reported to Frank (C.V. II/1943: 26 May) The numbers of workers drafted to Germany for labor are as follows:

1940 - 300,000 Poland: 477,000
1941 - 223,000 734,000
1942 - 298,000 979,000
1943 - 164,000 840,000

(C.V. 1944: 19 April, p. 9; D.V. I/1940: p. 171, 183; D.V. IV/1940 pp. 1015)

(f) SS Brig Gen Stresekind reports Himmler's orders about bringing one million Jews from other territories into the Gen Govt (D.V. 1939: p. 19)

(g) Chief of Police SS Ogruf Krueger reports: one million Jews will be sent to Poland from all parts of eastern Germany up to spring 1940. (D.V. 1939: p. 44)

4. Concentration Camps

There are only two references about concentration camps in the whole diary (1)

(c) In a session in Krakow on the 13 April 1942, Forced Labor Camps, established in November 1941 are discussed with Frank. (C.V. 1942: 13 April 41, p. 8)

(b) Frank is informed by Krueger about concentration camps, where undesirable Poles, i.e., those who cannot work, are to be liquidated. (C.V. 1943: 25 Jan 43, p. 17)
5. JEWS, PERSECUTION OF; ATROCITIES: against civilians

A. Frank's knowledge of liquidation of Jews and policy of solving this problem by planned extermination is clearly proved by the following evidence:

(a) Dr. Fischer reports to Frank the killing of Jews (word "shooting" is crossed out). (D.V. 1939: p. 6)

(b) Frank forbids statements about killing of Jews, in order not to frighten them. (D.V. 1939/40: p. 3)

(c) Frank promises in a speech, that the Gen Govt shall be free of Jews in a short time. "Of course I cannot eliminate all Jews and Jews in only a year's time....." (D.V. III/1940: p. 702; D.V. IV/1940: p. 1158/59, 1171)

(d) Frank quotes o.o. "The Jews are a race which has to be eliminated; where-ever we catch one, it is his end." (D.V. 1944: p. 3 March, p. 26)

(e) Rations for Jews:
   For the Warsaw Ghetto hunger rations are introduced. (C.V. 1941: March, Oct, p. 13)
   Frank does not propose to give any more rations to Jews because of food shortage. (D.V. IV 1941: p. 945)

(f) Frank signs edict punishing Jews with death for serving Ghetto. (D.V. IV 1941 p. 948)

(g) Frank states that by the new food regulations he virtually condemns 1, 2 million Jews to death. (C.V. 1942: 24 August, p. 15)

(h) Extermination of Jewish element is mentioned by Frank as best way to preserve health in Gen Govt. (D.V. 1943: p. 675)

B. Atrocities against Poles:

Frank regards Poles as everlasting enemies; he apologizes for a little increase in ration to Poles stating, that one cannot annihilate a people of 15 million with so little help. (D.V. I 1942: p. 156; D.V. III 1943: p. 513)

(a) Frank agrees in principle to reprisal-executions of innocent people as hostages suggested by SS. (D.V. V 1943: p. 986)
   For every German 10 Polish hostages will be executed (D.V. V 1943 p. 1165)
(b) Dr. Walbaum draws the attention of Frank to the fact, that the average Pole gets only 600 Krl. of food p.d., therefore they easily succumb to diseases. Already 40% of the people is sick in Sept., 1941 (IV III 1941: p. 830)

(c) In a decree from 25 August 1942 it was ordered to stop rations for all Poles who are not working for German interests. The Food Office stops the issue of rations cards and in future cards will be given out only in factories working for Germany. Two million Poles are affected. By this decree it is hoped to drive a great part of Poles into German plants and perhaps to increase rations for Poles working already for Germany. (D.V. IV 1942: p. 1212/13

6. Ideology, "Nazi: Lebensraum; Annexation of conquered territory"

Frank establishes by speeches his clear intention to Germanize Poland and incorporate it into the Reich.

(a) "Warthegau", part of Poland annexed by Germany, expects arrival of 60,70000 Germans and departure of 120,000 Poles. 20,000 Germans have already arrived. (D.V. III 1940: p. 73/44)

(b) Difficulties arising from transportation of Germans from South Tirol to Poland are discussed (D.V. II 1940: p. 328)

(c) Passages from speeches by Frank:
"It is understood, that the meanest of us will be higher in status than the most distinguished Pole." (D.V. IV 1940: p. 946)

"The whole Vistula shall be as German as the Rhine." (D.V. II 1941: p. 317)

"We are not the foreigners here, we must consider ourselves as the men at home and that we are surrounded by 18 million foreigners." (D.V. III 1942 p. 799)

(d) There were 300 Germans in Cracow in 1939, now in 1942 there are 300,000. (D.V. III 1942 p. 895)

7. Spoliation of Foreign Property: Direct seizure, indirect spoliation.

A. It is quite obvious, that Frank is responsible for the exploitation of Polish property, either by seizure or by so called trusteeship.

(a) In a conference with Goering, Funk a.o. Frank underlines in connection with the economic exploitation of the Gen Govt the basic principle of securing all needs of the Reich.
Various methods are discussed. (D.V. 1939: p. 846)

(b) Frank reports the freezing and the appointment of trustees for Polish and Jewish property in the interest of the Reich. (D.V. 1939: p. 846)

(c) Frank mentions confiscated railroad material which was taken to Germany (D.V. IV 1940: p. 915)

(d) Customs official, Knobloch, who is in charge of the Foreign Currency Control Office reports to Frank the confiscation of gold and foreign currency, mostly property of Jews. This is done e.g. by opening of bank safes in Warsaw, Cracow, etc. The confiscated deposits amounted to 2,836,000 RM. (D.V. II 1940 p. 37b)

B. The ruthless confiscation of provisions and cattle to such an extent, that the population was faced with starvation is proved by the following passages:

(a) During 1940/41 125,000 horses were requisitioned, 20,000 tons of potatoes were delivered; for the feeding of those horses 70,000 tons of hay and straw are demanded. (D.V. II, III 1941 p. 433, 772)

(b) To cover urgent needs of the Reich the Gen Govt should deliver 700,000 tons of wheat alone. Besides the needs of the Wehrmacht, 500,000 tons of wheat plus 82,000 tons of potatoes and 50,000 tons of meat have to be produced. (D.V. III 1942 p. 947, 963)

(c) Frank makes a statement about all food sent to Germany in 1942-43 and proposed invoices for 1944.

Complete statistics are given:

During 1942/43 the following deliveries of provisions to Germany took place:

- 630,000 tons wheat
- 520,000 tons potatoes
- 28,666 tons sugar
- 55,000 tons cattle
- 7,500 tons fats

For 1943/44 the following deliveries to the Reich are proposed and have been completed to a great extent already:

Doc. No. 2233-PS
450,000 tons wheat
525,000 tons potatoes
20,000 tons sugar
40,000 tons cattle
7,700 tons fats

4½ million cubic meters of lumber, i.e. 25% of the German production have been procured and delivered for German needs.
OFFICE OF U.S. CHIEF OF COUNSEL
FOR THE PROSECUTION OF AXIS CRIMINALITY

Doc. No. 2287-xb Date 19 October 1945

STAFF EVIDENCE ANALYSIS

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).

Title and Nature: Correspondence dealing with the confiscation of Jewish Property by the General Commissar Ostland.

Date: July 1942 Copy (X) Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (Also WITNESS if applicable) as of 19 October 1945:
Unknown; Copy in COC Files Nürnberg

SOURCE OF ORIGIN*: Unknown

PERSONS IMPlicated: ROSENBERG, Alfred;

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Par. nos. of Summary below):

SPOILS OF FOREIGN PROPERTY; Direct seizure—WIRING AGAINST civilians

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIAL FORM: LADS:

Lohse, Correspondence contained in the file

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. Copy of letter, dated 27 July 1942, in form of an interdepartmental memorandum shows the gross amount derived from the confiscation of Jewish property (personal property) in the Riga District. The figure mentioned is RM. 76,824,66.

2. The other documents contained in this file do not pertain essentially to the index headings and are not mentioned in the analysis.

Analyst: Siebenschein

Doc. No. 2287 - 18
OFFICE OF U.S. CHIEF OF COUNSEL FOR THE PROSECUTION OF AXIS CRIMINALITY

Date 20 October 1945

cc. No. 2223 PS

STAFF EVIDENCE ANALYSIS

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).


Date: 5 August 45 Original ( ) Copy (X) Language: English

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 20 October 1945:
Unknown; copy in OCC Files Nurnberg

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Headquarters, Third U.S. Army

PERSONS IMPLICATED: GLECKS, Richard; HIMMLER, Heinrich; MUELLER, Heinrich; KALTENBRUNNER, Ernst.

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Par. nos. of Summary below):
ATROCITIES: Mixed—CONCENTRATION CAMPS—SS—POLICE: SD: RSHA: Sipo: Gestapo

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIAL FORM; LEAD: None

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. Additional report of investigation of war crimes, including lists of names of witness and names and descriptions of perpetrators.

Analyst Schafer Doc. No. 2223 PS
STAFF EVIDENCE ANALYSIS

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).

Title and Nature: Manuscript copy of the interrogation of Helmut Simolka, functionary of the KPD inmate of Dachau and other camps.

Date: 5 October 1945 Original (X) Copy ( ) Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 20 October 1945:

OCC Files Nürnberg

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: 66-Z

PERSONS IMPLICATED: GLÜCKS, Richard; LUELLER, Heinrich; KALTENB RUNNER, Ernst; HIMMLER, Heinrich; KEITEL, Wilhelm

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Par. nos. of Summary below):


NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIARY FORM; LEADS:

Simolka, Pohl

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. This is the story of Helmut Simolka, a former functionary of the Communist Party of Germany. It is an account of endless brutality and barbarism led to the 3A, the SS and the Concentration Camp Commander.

2. It begins in February 1933, when Simolka and the functionaries of the KPD were taken out of their beds, beaten and kicked by the SA and led to the torture chamber in the Nürnberg Castle. It ends with the successful escape of Simolka from the Ravensbruck Concentration Camp late in 1944, when he reached the allied lines.

3. From 1933 until 1939, Simolka was at Dachau. The tortures he describes from there include the famous "25", which actually consists of 50 lashes, or 25 double lashes while the victim was brutally chained to a wooden horse, hanging from the wrist for hours, etc. (P. VI)

4. Simolka refers to the famous "Rohm-Putsch" in 1934, when, according to his report 350 high Nazi officials were brought to Dachau and shot on the drill field. (P. XX)

5. Conclusive proof is given that the anti-Jewish terror acts of 10 November 1938, were planned far in advance. In August 1938, the Dachau inmates were ordered to build 15 barracks for accommodating 20,000 persons. (P. XXVI) These barracks were kept empty until the night from the 9th to the 10th of November, when 14,000 Jews were brought in on trucks. (P. XXVII) On the 10th, the action was announced to the public by the Volkischer Beobachter and the assassination of Von Rath was given as excuse. However, everyone at Dachau knew that this was not the real reason.

Analyst__Schafer___
SECRET CIRCULAR of the RSHA on administration of justice against Poles and Russians through the Police.

Date: 5 Nov 43

Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 19 October 1945: Unknown; copy in OCC files Nurnberg.

PERSONS IMPLICATED: Hitler, Adolf; Himmler, Heinrich; Thierack, Otto G.

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Par. nos. of Summary below):


NECESSARY PROCESSING TO Put IN EVIDENTIARY FORM; LEADS: None.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. Under I, the writer refers to an agreement between Himmler and Thierack that the judiciary agencies should no longer carry thru criminal procedure against Poles and Russians. Such foreigners were to be handed over to the Police. The same procedure should be followed for Jews and Gypsies. This agreement has the approval of Hitler and regulations are being worked out to be effective 1 January 1945.

2. Under II, the writer discusses the reasons for this measure. For reasons of policy foreigners must be treated differently from Germans. The Special Criminal Code for Poles of 4 December 1941 is not sufficient, a judge will always inquire into the motives of the offender and then will attempt to find a punishment which also does justice to the interests of the nation. But for offenses of foreigners the consideration of the national interest is paramount; further offenses must be prevented. The offense of a foreigner, therefore, should be considered only from a point of view of the police mission of fighting dangers.

3. Under III, the writer states these discussions are disseminated for the information of the addresses who may inform the Gauleiter when necessary.

4. The letter is addressed to the higher echelons of the Sipo, and is signed by Streckenbach.

Analyst: Hartman
DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (under following headings).

Title and Nature: Extract of Army Diary relating to Naval bombardment of Almeria; letter from Jodl to Hitler.

Date: 29 May 36 to 31 May 36 Original (X) Copy ( ) Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also "WITNESS if applicable) as of 13 October 1945:

OCC Files, Nürnberg

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: 31-Z

PERSONS IMPLICATED: HITLER, Adolf; GOERING, Hermann; RAEDER, Erich; JODL, Alfred

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Par. nos. of Summary below):
AGGRESSIVE WAR, STATEMENTS AND PLANS—FOREIGN PENETRATION—military—VSHRI—CHT


SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. This document was found in the excavated personal files of General Jodl. It contains a marginal remark by the General.

2. The Fuehrer decides on the bombardment of the fortifications of Almeria and the annihilation of Jaime.

3. Report from the battleship "Scheer" announces numerous fires.

4. Goering informs the Chief W.A. and Chief L about the decision of the Fuehrer. As a "reprisal" for the bombing of the battleship "Deutschland" the port of Almeria was bombarded. The German Naval units will be increased.

5. The Reich Government is not going to take part in the future conferences of the non-intervention committee.

6. The second document, initialed by Jodl and addressed to Hitler deals with the application by Lt. Gen. Sperrle to be released from the command of the German Forces in Spain, as he could not get on with the German Ambassador.

7. General Jodl proposes to leave Sperrle in command, because otherwise this might have unfavorable repercussions on the conduct of war in Spain. Goering and v. Neurath have been informed as well.

Analyst: Schonfeld

Doc. No. 1955-PS

Date 13 October 1945
DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings):

Title and Nature: Copy of secret letter from Lammers to Baldur von Schirach re: deportation of Jews from Vienna.

Date: December 3 1940 Copy (X) Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESSES if applicable) as of 17 October 1945:
Unknown: copy in CO File Nürnberg

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: I-H

RECEIVED FROM: SCHIRACH, Baldur von; Lammers, Hans Heinrich; SCHMANN, Martin; HIMMLER, Heinrich; LITTEERUPMANN, Ernst; HITLER, Adolf

REFERENCE TO INDEX RECORDS (Key to hr. nos. of Summary below):

DEPORTATION—Jews, EXECUTION OF—SS—POLICE: Gestapo

NECESSARY DOCUMENTS TO PUT IN EVIDENTIAL FILE: LAMS:

Dr. Bullbruegg; Jung, Dr. Millesi, Huber

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT Recording WITH PAGE REFERENCES:

1. Lammers was informed by Baldur von Schirach that on the basis of a report by Baldur von Schirach, Hitler had decided upon the accelerated evacuation of 60,000 Jews from Vienna to the General Government.

2. Himmler and the Governor General of Krakow were also informed of this decision.

3. Attached is a letter from Baldur von Schirach, addressed to various officials of the SS and Gestapo whom he sends copies of Hitler's decision. He states that the evacuation of the Jews will begin the following year. (1941).
DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).

Title and Nature: Fuehrer Decree about Establishment of a Civil Administration in Occupied Belgium and Northern France

Date: 13 July 1944 Original ( ) Copy (x) Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 8 October 1945:

Unknown. Copy in OCC files, Nürnberg

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: OKW Files, Flensburg

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

HITLER, Adolf; HIMMLER, Heinrich; KEITEL, Wilhelm; LÜDEMANN, Hans Heinrich

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Par. nos. of Summary below):

FOREIGN PENETRATION: Controlled Governments

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. The decree of Hitler provides for a substitution of the Military Government with a Civil Administration in Belgium and Northern France.

2. Gauleiter Josef Grohe has been appointed Reich Commissar.

3. The exact time of the change will be decided upon by the Reich Commissar in agreement with the Chief of the OKW.

4. The original document is signed by Hitler, Keitel and Lüdemann. The copy is illegibly authenticated.

Landmann
DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).

Title and Nature: Secret report from the Reich Governor in Vienna to Himmler re: Deportation of Jews from Austria.

Date: 9 May 40. Original (x) Copy ( ) Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 18 October 1945, OCC Files Nürnberg

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: 1-H

PERSONS IMPLICATED: SCHIRACH, Baldur von; HESSLER, Heinrich; DALIEGE, Kurt; KALTENBRUNNER, Ernst; MÜLLER, Hans.

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Par. nos. of Summary below):
DEPORTATION SS
JEWS, PERSECUTION OF POLICE
ATROCITIES GESTAPO
Against Civilians. PUBLICATIONS Reichsgesetzblatt

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIARY FORM; LEADS: Dr. Fischer.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. This is a story of Polish and stateless Jews who were caught between Germany's efforts to get them out and the refusal of Poland and other governments to let them in.

2. In a report to Himmler, Schirach complains of the difficulties in getting these Jews out of Austria. Frank, the Governor General of Poland has already complained that more Jews are being deported into Poland than can be absorbed there and he has forbidden further deportation into Poland without his permission (P.1).

3. In the fall of 1938, frantic efforts were made under the direction of Himmler to expel Polish Jews. The Polish Government had issued a decree that all exit visas of Polish citizens living abroad would become void after October 29, 1938. A telegram by Himmler on October 27, ordered the immediate arrest of the Polish Jews and their deportation. 3135 persons were arrested in Vienna. However, the first transport of Jews was turned back at the border by Polish authorities and the action had to be stopped. (P.2)

4. Another telegram by Himmler on May 8, 1939, ordered that all Polish Jews who do not possess an exit visa to Poland and all those Jews who had lost their Polish citizenship had to leave the Reich by July 31, 1939. Otherwise they would be sent to a concentration camp. The German border police was ordered to force the Jews by all means across the Polish border. (P.3)
5. Upon this order, Schirach put all Polish Jews in jail to await transport from there. The jail became overcrowded and the action had to be stopped. (P.3)

6. Later, Himmler ordered that old and sick Jews and those who were married to German women, also those who had made preparations for emigration and expected to leave the country within the next six months, should be excepted from the forced deportation. Thereupon Schirach had to let all the Jews, to whom the above applied, out of jail. While they were free, their preparations for legal emigration were strictly supervised. This method proved successful in causing the emigration of a great many Polish Jews.

7. Meanwhile, the war broke out and the borders were closed. With the cooperation of the Gestapo, Schirach had all Polish and stateless (former Polish) Jews sent to a concentration camp. (P. 3)

8. Nevertheless, there were still 3662 Polish and stateless Jews in Vienna, nearly half of whom were women (P. 4). These Jews had conscientiously tried everything within their power to emigrate, but were stopped by the outbreak of war. As their permission to stay in Germany had long expired, they were subject to the application of Par. 13 of the police order for foreigners, of August 22, 1938, Reichsgesetzblatt I, page 1053 in the form of the order of September 5, 1930, Reichsgesetzblatt I, page 1667, which would make them liable to legal punishment (P. 4)

9. However, Schirach found the application of this measure inadvisable, as this would tie up the entire police force, and as it was abundantly clear that the Jews in question were not guilty on their part. Hence they were sent back to jail anyhow. (P. 4)

10. As the Jews cannot be sent to the incorporate Eastern Territories, since these are now part of the Reich, and since Frank has made it plain that he desires no more Jews in Poland, Schirach is at a loss as to what to do with the Jews and asks for further instructions (P. 4 & 5)

11. Attached is a letter to the police president of Vienna, in which Schirach informs him that he has used his report as a basis for informing Himmler, and that he has as yet failed to receive any further instructions from Himmler on this matter. The letter is signed by Dr. Fischer.
DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).

Title and Nature: Telegram from Hitler to Mussolini before the German Intervention in Greece

Date: 18 Feb 41 Original ( ) Copy (x) Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 17 Oct 45:
Foreign Office Archives, Marburg; Enclose photostat with request for original.

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: D-1

PERSONS IMPlicated: HITLER, Adolf; RIBBENTROP, Joachim von

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Par. nos of Summary below):

AGGRESSIVE WAR, STATEMENTS AND PLANS — FOREIGN PENETRATION:
Controlled Governments — INVASION, ACTS OF — PREPARATIONS FOR WAR:
Military — REICH GOVERNMENT AGENCIES: Foreign Office — PREPARATIONS FOR WAR: Diplomatic

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. Hitler deplores the fact that Mussolini could not persuade Franco to come into the war. He ridicules Franco’s statement that Spanish troops would conduct the attack on Gibraltar. The situation in Albania and North Africa is being discussed. (Pages 65692 and 65695)

2. The ice danger has probably passed on the Danube and that gave him the possibility to start with the construction of bridges. A few AA units were moving to Bulgaria and the first division will march into that country on 2 March. The deployment of the Greek frontier will take place next week. Hitler emphasizes the importance of the Dodecanese Islands for the blocking of Suez. (Pages 65693 and 65694).

3. Hitler would send a letter to the Turkish president stating that the German troop movements in Bulgaria were not directed against Turkey (Page 65694)
STAFF EVIDENCE ANALYSIS

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).

Title and Nature: Letter from Weizsäcker to Mackensen about an imminent discussion between the German General Staffs of Germany and Italy.

Date: 10 March 39 Original ( ) Copy (x) Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 17 Oct 45:
Foreign Office Archives, Marburg. Enclose photostat with request for original.

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: D-1

PERSONS IMPLICATED: RIBBENTROP, Joachim von; KEITEL, Wilhelm

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Par. nos. of Summary below):
PREP/RATIONS FOR WAR: Military -- REICH GOVERNMENT AGENCIES: Foreign Office -- WEHRMACHT: OKW

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIAL FORM: LEADS:
Weizsäcker; Mackensen

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Weizsäcker informs Mackensen of impending discussion between the General Staffs of Germany and Italy. Keitel has been informed of Mussolini's wish to start the discussions soon. Italy will not be informed of Germany's operational intentions.
OFFICE OF U.S. CHIEF OF COUNSEL
FOR THE PROSECUTION OF A XIS CRIMINALITY
Date: 19 October 1945

Doc. No. 1838-PS STAFF EVIDENCE ANALYSIS

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (under following headings).

Title and Nature: Telegram to Mackensen informing him of a report of the German Ambassador in Budapest re: Attack on Yugoslavia (suicide Teleki)

Date: 5 April 41 Original ( ) Copy (X) Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 19 October 1945: Foreign Office Archives Marburg, enclose photostat copy with request for original.

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: D-l

PERSONS INDICATED: HITLER, Adolf

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to par. nos. of Summary below):

AGGRESSIVE WAR, STATEMENT AND PLANS; ANNEXATION OF CONQUERED TERRITORY; FOREIGN PENETRATION: Controlled Governments;
INVASION, ACTS OF; PREPARATIONS FOR WAR: Diplomatic;
PREPARATIONS FOR WAR: Military; WEHRMACHT

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIARY FORM; LEADS:

Woermann, Mackensen

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. This telegram informs Mackensen of a report from the German Ambassador in Hungary.

2. The following rumors about the motives for the suicide of Teleki are mentioned:

   a. Protest against excessive German demands which encroach on Hungarian sovereignty.
   b. He had asked the Regent to resign because of the latter's protest against the actions against Yugoslavia, and the Regent had called him a traitor.
   c. He had taken the Hungarian-Yugoslav pact too seriously, a pact concluded on German instigation at the end of last year. The Hungarian soldier was not prepared psychologically, now suddenly to attack Yugoslavia.
d. He had been under nervous strain because Hungary had mobilized for attack on Croatia in spite of former agreements to the contrary.

e. He was worried that the mobilization would interfere with the spring sowing.

f. He was also worried about Rumania's claim to Transylvania and the difficulties of defending the Hungarian frontiers.

g. He had family troubles and was overworked.

3. The Ambassador added that Hungary has so far mobilized only motorized units and Army Corps on the Yugoslav frontier which can be camouflaged as defense measures.
OFFICE OF U.S. CHIEF OF COUNSEL
FOR THE PROSECUTION OF AXIS CRIMINALITY
Date 19 October 1945

Doc. No. 1837 PS

STAFF EVIDENCE ANALYSIS

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).

Title and Nature: Report from Mackensen on his meeting with Mussolini prior to the attack on Yugoslavia.

Date: 6 April 41 Original ( ) Copy (x) Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 19 October 1945:

Foreign Office Archives Marburg, enclose photostat copy with request for original.

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: D-l

PERSONS IMPLICATED: HITLER, Adolf

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Par. Nos. of Summary below):

AGGRESSIVE WAR, STATEMENT AND PLANS; FOREIGN PENETRATION: Controlled Governments; PREPARATIONS FOR WAR: Diplomatic; PREPARATIONS FOR WAR: Military.

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIARY FORM; LEADS: von Mackensen.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

This report from Mackensen to the Foreign Office on the Ambassador's meeting with Mussolini, relates the measures taken by Italy in preparation for the invasion of Yugoslavia. Interesting is page 65268 in which Mussolini states that he does not doubt that this campaign will be just as fast and successful as the ones against Poland and Norway. (See Document 1836 PS).

Analyst: Lt. Buchsbaum.

Doc. No. 1837 PS
OFFICE OF U.S. CHIEF OF COUNSEL
FOR THE PROSECUTION OF AXIS CRIMINALITY
Date: 19 October 1945

Doc.No.1836-PS STAFF EVIDENCE ANALYSIS

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).

Title and Nature: Telegram from Hitler to Mussolini re Invasion of Yugoslavia.

Date: 3 Apr 1941 Original ( ). Copy (X) Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 19 October 1945: Foreign Office Archives, Marburg; enclose photocopy with request for original.

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: D-1

PERSONS IMPLICATED: HITLER, Adolf

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to par. nos. of Summary below):

AGGRESSIVE WAR, STATEMENTS AND PLANS; FOREIGN PENETRATION; Controlled Governments; INVASION, ACTS OF; PREPARATIONS FOR WAR: Diplomatic; PREPARATIONS FOR WAR: Military

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIARY FORM; LEADS: von Mackensen

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. This document is available in Marburg in form of an original teletype and a typewritten transcript. When requesting original, ask for both. The page numbers given in the analysis refer to the transcript.

2. The long exposed flank on a distant battlefield (apparently Greece) is unbearable in a military sense. Hitler has tried to get Yugoslavia to a friendly attitude towards the Axis; however, the latest incidents proved that impossible. He has decided to "clean up" the military situation in that area because of the insults, unbearable for a great power, and because of the landing of British troops in Greece. (Page 65255)

3. The German Ambassador in Moscow had reported that Russia was about to conclude a pact with Yugoslavia. Under these circumstances, no time must be lost. (Page 65256)

4. Units will be committed, one after the other, in short
2.

2. Hitler then goes on describing the nature of the impending campaign, and assigning to Mussolini his part in the action, particularly in air action against Yugoslav attacks against Albania. (Pages 6526 and 65257)

5. Hitler would have liked to wait another 6 or 8 days but he does not feel justified in doing so. (Page 65257)

6. With long, polite explanations, Hitler makes it clear to Mussolini that he (Hitler) was directing the war but that he would channel his orders to the Italian troops through the Duce. (Pages 65257 to 65259)

7. See Document 1857-PS

Analyst: Buchsbaum

Doc. No. 1836-PS
This file consists of six pieces which are, for the most part, factual descriptions of the attempt on Hitler's life, July 20, 1944, the events which followed and the conspiracy leading up to it. Most of the material is extremely interesting but not relevant to the prosecution of Nazi criminality.

Item No. 5 is a transcript of a speech by Jodl to the officers and officials of the W.F.S. on July 24, 1944. It reveals Jodl's close identification with the Nazi concepts.

In brief: July 20th was the blackest day in German history and it will perhaps remain so for all future times. It was worse than November 9, 1918. The conspirators had been bound by an oath of loyalty and had held the Fuehrer's confidence. 1918 has shown that a sort of peace might be expected; the enemy press has stated that militarism and Nazism are the same. It was stupid to hope for a rapprochement with the Anglo-Saxon powers after a "putsch".

Particularly deplorable were the moral qualities displayed by the perpetrators of this crime—those men were willing to destroy their comrades in order to kill the Fuehrer. They knew that Hitler had come to power by the will of the German people, not by violence. They knew, too, that this superior and worthy man (Hitler) served only an idea.

(continued)
The assassins liked to believe that scoundrels were in the entourage of the Führer. For my part, I can say that although as a soldier I knew little and could do nothing for the movement before 1933, my aims have been, in general, in agreement with the aims of the Party. My sentiments have been national, social and anti-Catholic.

The popular will to resistance against the enemy is exemplary. No officers must be the most loyal and sacrificing for the Führer.
DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (under following headings).

Title and Nature: War Diary from all fronts, based on notes of the I.FST and KB.

Date: 7 March 45 to 31 March 45 Original (X) Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 16 October 1945:

C.C. Files Nurnberg

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: X-1

PERSONS MENTIONED: HITLER, Adolf; JULL, Alfred; KEITEL, Wilhelm; KLIMEK, Walter; KLIMEK, Johannes

REFERENCE TO INDEX HEADINGS (key to item nos. of Summary below):

TITLE: OK.

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIAL FORM: L-JG:

Persons listed in document

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. This diary deals with actions on all fronts.

Analyst: Schonfeld
OFFICE F U. CHIEF OF COUNCIL
FOR THE PROSECUTION OF AXIS CRIMINALITY

Doc. No. 1797-43

Dato 16 October 1945

STAFF EVIDENCE ANALYSIS

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED BACKGROUND (under following headings).

Title and Nature: W.F. diary dealing with all fronts.

Date: 2 January 1945 to 6 March 1945

Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also witness if applicable) as of 16 October 1945:

Col. Filos Nurnberg

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: 3-6

TEAMS HANDLING: HUllER, Wolf; SOM, Alfred; KEINELL, Wilhelm; MULLER, Walter

ATTACHED TO INDEX LIST (Key to no. of summary below):

W. Off. Staff

NECESSARY ACCOMPLISHMENT TO PUT IN TRANSLATION: LSS:

Gen. Wagner, Gen. Saeckinger, Col. Ditterling-Streng

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT EVENTS (with page references):

1. The diary gives a survey of the position on all fronts.

Analyst: Schenfeld

Doc. No. 1797-43
OFFICE OF U.S. CHIEF OF COUNSEL
FOR THE PROSECUTION OF AXIS CRIMINALITY
Date: 17 October 1945

Doc. No. 1790-PS STAFF EVIDENCE ANALYSIS

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).

Title and Nature: War Diary

Date: 1 Sept. to Original (X) Copy () Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 17 October 1945: OCC Files, Nürnberg

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: 31 Z

PERSONS IMPLICATED: HITLER, Adolf; JODL, Alfred; KEITEL, Wilhelm; WARLIMONT, Walter; and others listed in document.

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to par. nos. of Summary below):

WEHRMACHT: OKW

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIARY FORM; LEADS: Persons listed in document

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. This Diary gives a survey of all fronts

2. It is signed by General Warlimont.

Analyst: Schonfeld
5. The Green Folder gives an overall picture of the planned ruthless exploitation of the Russian territory to be invaded and occupied.

6. The distribution gives a picture of the OKW offices and Reich Government Agencies which are implicated by this folder.

7. The "Russian File" of Rosenberg, files #1018-RS, 1019-RS and 1744-RS, are related to this document.
Title and Nature: Directives for the Direction of the Economy in the Newly Occupied Eastern Territories - "THE GREEN FOLDER" - issued by Goering.

Date: June 1941 Original (X) Copy ( ) Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 19 October 1945: OCC Files, Nürnberg.

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Rosenberg Files.

PERSONS IMPLICATED: GÖRING, Hermann; KAHLER, Wilhelm; HIMMLER, Heinrich; FUNK, Walter

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Far. nos. of Summary below):
AGGRESSIVE WAR, STATEMENTS AND PLANS SPOLIATION OF FOREIGN PROPERTY
FORCED LABOR Indirect Spoliation
PREPARATIONS FOR WAR Direct Seizure
PUBLICATIONS - Green Mappo "WEHRMACHT" OKW; Air Force: OKL; Army: OKH; Navy: OKM

REICH GOVERNMENT AGENCIES:
Ministries of Economy, Nutrition, Forestry, Reichsbank, Police

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIAL FORM: LEADS: General Thomas

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. The "Green Folder" (Grüne Mappe) of Göring's "Economic Direction Staff East" is entitled "Directives for the direction of the economy in the newly occupied Eastern Territories". The subheading is:

   Part I
   Tasks and Organization of the Economy

2. It is classified "Top Secret" with the following specification: "Until X Day, these directives are to be handled as "Top Secret". From X Day on, as "Restricted".

3. The folder is dated June, 1941, and published by the OKW. It is #33 of 1,000 issues.

4. Page 2 lists the contents of the folder:

   "Preisliste"
The Chief Economic Tasks
The Economic Organization
Economic Direction Staff East
Economic Staff East

Page
3
3
5
5
Doc.No. 1743-PS
Doc. No. 1743-PS continued.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Economic Inspections</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Economic Command</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group IV Economy attached to the Field Commands</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IV Economy (VO/44 R 44 a) attached to Army Commands with</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>subordinated units</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Execution of the individual economic tasks</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nutrition Economy</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mineral Oil Economy</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Essential Industrial Plants</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Economic Transportation</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Military Security Tasks re Economy</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Supplying of the Troops from the Country</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Food, Clothing, Quarters</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuel Oil and Tires</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medical Supply, Building Material</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manpower Commitment, Use of Native Population</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Maintenance of agriculture and essential industries;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>unemployment; wage payments; collective feeding; HCr;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>use of own troops</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use of Native Population; treatment of the leading</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>economic stratum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>War Booty, Performances against Payment, Wehrmacht</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Booty, Naval Prize</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property of the Foreign Wehrmacht</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property of the Foreign State</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payment</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receipts</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Redemption of receipts</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wehrmacht booty</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Offices of seizure</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Offices for naval prizes</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Economic Tasks re Armament</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raw Materials, Commodities</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direction of Production</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direction of Consumption</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Currency and Credit System</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Securing of gold stocks and foreign currency</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supervision of the state banks, etc.</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reich Credit Pay Offices and Reich Credit Notes</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency Currency</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foreign Commodity and Currency Traffic</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Price Regulation</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prohibition of price and wage increases</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prices for agricultural products</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distribution for Part I of the &quot;Green Folder&quot;</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sketch of the Chain of Command</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
STAFF EVIDENCE ANALYSIS

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).

Title and Nature: Himmler's Directive on the Induction of Police Officers into the SS.

Date: 23 June 1938 Original ( ) Copy (X) Language: English

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 12 October 1945: Unknown; copy in OCC Files, Nürnberg.

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Publication

PERSONS IMPLICATED: HIMMLER, Heinrich; FRICK, Wilhelm

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Par. nos. of Summary below:)

POLICE: Sipo -- POLICE: SD -- PUBLICATIONS: Ministerial-Blatt

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIARY FORM: LEADS: None

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. This directive was issued by Himmler with the aim to fuse the German Police and the SS into a uniform "State Protective Corps".

2. The members of the Sipo may be inducted into the SS if they are generally eligible for the SS, and have either been members of the Nazi Party or other Nazi formations before 30 January 1933, or if they have seen three years of service in the Sipo under Himmler. (Section I)

3. The directive orders that such police officers will get a rank in the SS corresponding to the rank held in the Police. A table of those corresponding ranks is included. (Section II)

4. Police officers thus taken into the SS will also become members of the SD. (Security Service of the SS). (Section III)

5. Section IV gives a form for application.

6. Section V gives the distribution of the directive.

Analyst: Hartman
OFFICE OF U.S. CHIEF OF COUNSEL  
FOR THE PROSECUTION OF AXIS CRIMINALITY  
Date 19 October 1945  

Doc. No. 1545 PS  
STAFF EVIDENCE ANALYSIS  

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).  

Title and Nature: Statements of General von Gyldenfeldt on War Crimes.  
Date: 13 July 45 Original (X) Copy ( ) Language: German & English.  
LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 19 October 1945:  
OCC Files Nürnberg.  
SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Third U. S. Army  
PERSONS INPLICATED: HITLER, Adolf; KETTEL, Wilhelm; BRAUCHITZ, Walter H.H.A.  
von; HINZLER, Heinrich; BLASKOVITZ, Johannes.  
REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Par. Nos. of Summary below):  
ATROCITIES: Against Military Personnel; ATROCITIES: Against Civilians;  
IDEOLOGY, NAZI: Fuehrer Principle; WEHRMACHT: OKH; GENEVA CONVENTION, BREACH OF  
NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIAL FORM; LEADS: None.  

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):  

1. The document consists of five handwritten and signed statements of General  
v. Gyldenfeldt, made in the Third Army Interrogation Center, a letter of trans­  
mittal summarizing the statements, dated 23 August 1945, and certified trans­  
lations, etc.  
2. The statements concern:  
   a. Shooting of hostages: From his activity in the OKH, the General remem­  
      bers that such orders came from Hitler and were passed on by Keitel.  
   b. Shooting of participants in Commando operations: The General recalls  
      only the gist of the order and is in error on the date (cf Doc. 1301 PS).  
   c. Atrocities committed in fighting partisans: The Commander of Army  
      Group "G" Blaskowitz, gave instructions both orally and in writing to conduct  
      operations against partisans in a decent and humane manner. The basic orders  
      came from the OKH. Excesses committed by the 2nd SS Division "Das Reich"  
      were ordered investigated and punished by the Army Group, but the outcome is  
      uncertain since the Division was transferred before conclusion. The matter  
      involved shooting or slaying of civilians in a church.  
   d. Indiscriminate destructions on retreats: Hitler issued orders on  
      destructions to the Field Headquarters in the East thru OKH, in other theatres  
      thru OKW directly. Actually, Field Headquarters were always endeavouring to  
      keep such destructions within reasonable bounds and to limit them to military  
      objectives.  
   e. Shooting of Commissars: This order was issued by Hitler before the  
      Russian campaign. Brauchitsch was opposed to it and wanted to keep the Army  
      out of it. Himmler may have been involved. The responsible officer in the OKH  
      was the "General v. v." General Eugen Mueller. The order was early rescinded  

Analyst: Hartman.  
Doc. No. 1545 PS
TITLE AND NATURE: Charges against von Papen by Mr. Drohmer

DATE: 20 June 1945

ORIGIN (x) COPY ( ) LANGUAGE: German & English

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 19 Oct 1945:

OCC files Nuremberg

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Mr. Drehmor

PERSONS IMPLICATED: PAPEN, Franz von; HIMMLER, Heinrich

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (key to para. nos. of Summary below):

ATROCITIES against civilians -- POLICE: Gestapo

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIARY FORM; LEADS:

None

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. In the preamblo, Drohmer accuses Papen of complicity in the systematic and organized kidnapping and elimination of political adversaries by the Gestapo.

2. Drohmer was expected to act as witness in court cases against Papen in 1933 in the Saar Territory. He was lured across the frontier and then arrested in Ludwigshafen by the Gestapo. The warrant was signed by Papen. He was then brought to Gestapo Headquarters in Berlin where he was informed that he was charged with treason. The Gestapo Officer handling Saar Territory matters, Otto Betz, told the writer that Papen had instructed the Gestapo to wring confessions from him by beatings and mistreatments. In some interrogations, the writer was beaten and kicked.

3. Subsequently, the writer escaped and was recaptured. He was bound by hands and feet, and after interrogation was kept in a dark cell for 14 days, in shackles. He was released on 29 May 1934 after promising to be silent and not to return to the Saar.

4. The writer's health suffered from this treatment, and he specified his claims for indemnity. The attached copies of documents support his arrest from 12 December 1933 to 29 May 1934, and the damage to his health.

Analyst Hartman
OFFICE OF U.S. CHIEF OF COUNSEL
FOR THE PROSECUTION OF AXIS CRIMINALITY
Date 20 October 1945

Doc. No. 1495 PS

STAFF EVIDENCE ANALYSIS

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).

Title and Nature: Decision to dissolve Catholic Youth Organizations in Bavaria and the Confiscation of their entire property.

Date: 20 January 38 Original (X) Copy ( ) Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 20 October 1945: OOC Files Nürnberg

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: 3 AIC EDß Freising

PERSONS IMPLICATED: KERRL, Hans

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Par. nrs. of Summary below):
CHURCHES, PERSECUTION OF—POLICE: Gestapo

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIARY FORM; LEADS:
Beutel

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):
1. The document originates from the Gestapo in Munich and is signed Beutel.
2. Based on a decree from the 26 February 1943 for the protection of state and people, all Catholic Youth Organizations in the diocese of Bavaria are Speyer, are to be dissolved and their property confiscated.
3. Not only cash will be confiscated, but also the inventory and valuables.
4. The formation of new organizations under different or cover-names is forbidden.

Analyst Schonfeld
DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).

Title and Nature: Decree of Kaltenbrunner as "Chef der Sipo and des SD" on sabotage supplies.

Date: 18 July 44 Original (x) Copy ( ) Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 20 October 1945: OCC Files Nürnberg

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Rosenberg's Files

PERSONS IMPLICATED: KALtenbrunner, Ernst

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Par. nos. of Summary below): POLICE: RSHA

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIARY FORM; LEADS: NONE

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. Kaltenbrunner addressed the letter to the interested ministers and other top agencies. The letter contains reference to the attached Police circular on British sabotage supplies dropped into Germany with balloons.

2. Kaltenbrunner refers to the enclosure as "my decree", and promises to send a copy of another decree.

3. The letter is headed "Chef der Sipo and des SD" and signed by K. himself, the decree is signed simply "RSHA.

Analyst Hartman  
Doc. No. 1494 PS
OFFICE OF U.S. CHIEF OF COUNSEL
FOR THE PROSECUTION OF AXIS CRIMINALITY

Doc. No. 1479 FS

Date 20 October 1945

STAFF EVIDENCE ANALYSIS

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).

Title and Nature: Decision about the confiscation and suppression of the official Catholic Paper of the Arch-Diocese Munich-Freising.

Date: 29 June 1934 Original ( ) Copy (X) Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 20 October 1945:
Unknown; copy in OGC Files Nürnberg

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: 3 AIC EDS Freising

PERSONS IMPLICATED: KEREL, Hans

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Par. nos. of Summary below):
CHURCHES, PERSECUTION OF — CIVIL LIBERTIES AND OTHER RIGHTS: Press censorship and control — POLICE: SD

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIAL FORM; LEADS:
Dr. Holzer

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. The official paper of the arch-diocese Munich-Freising, number 12 from the 28 June 1934, is confiscated by the police and suppressed.

2. Among the reasons for this action there is the printing of a pastoral letter, stating that the Catholic Church is to be exiled from Germany and that attacks against God and Church are permitted.

Analyst Schonfeld

Doc. No. 1479 FS
DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).

Title and Nature: Translation of an Article on Significance and Tasks of Gestapo.

Date: January 36 Original (x) Copy ( ) Language: English

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESSES if applicable) as of 19 Oct 45:

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: OCC

PERSONS IMPLICATED: HITLER, Adolf; GOERING, Hermann; HIMMLER, Heinrich

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Par. nos. of Summary below):

POLICE: Gestapo; SD — CIVIL LIBERTIES AND OTHER RIGHTS: Criminal Law and Procedure, Changes in; CIVIL LIBERTIES AND OTHER RIGHTS: Free Speech and Assembly, Abolition of — CIVIL LIBERTIES AND OTHER RIGHTS: Political Parties, Abolition — CIVIL LIBERTIES AND OTHER RIGHTS: Press Censorship and Control

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIARY FORM; LEADS: None

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. This is a translation of an article originally appearing in the official party newspaper in 1936, discussing the history, tasks, etc. of the Gestapo.

2. Goering is credited with establishing the Gestapo in Prussia, Himmler in Bavaria, and other states. Since Himmler is now deputy chief of the Prussian Gestapo the unified system and leadership is guaranteed.

3. The Gestapo has the following tasks:
   (a) Prosecution of crimes against the state, especially treason.
   (b) Preventative fighting of possible dangers, from sources like illegal movements, disaffected personalities. The SD of the SS assists the Gestapo here by watching enemies.

4. (a) The most effective means of prosecuting its tasks has the Gestapo in the "Protective Custody" which may be administered in police and court prisons or, for longer periods, in concentration camps which are under the jurisdiction of the Gestapo.
   (b) Other means for preventive police measures are the power to disband organizations, close meetings, and prohibit publications.

Analyst: Hartman
19. Sauckel's action has caused great unrest among the civilians. Russian girls were de loused by men, nude photos in forced positions were taken, women doctors were locked into freight cars for the pleasure of the transport commanders, women in night shirts were fettered and forced through the Russian towns to the railroad station etc. All this material has been sent to the OKH. (P. 16)

20. The Russian workers are not allowed to leave their camps, forbidden to exercise their religion etc. They are only treated as slaves. (P. 16)

21. Whenever a commission asks for workers, the inhabitants flee into the woods. (P. 16)

22. The report then cites methods by which the situation can be alleviated in favor of German war production, for example the system used by General Commissioner Selmer in Dnjepropetrovsk. This includes a punishment system for recalcitrant workers, putting them into special camps under the OT (Organization Todt), where they are fed according to their productive record. However, the best food they will ever get is only one third of that of the Wehrmacht soldier. (P. 18)

23. Part V of the report discusses wage and price problems. The wages given the workers are so low in comparison with market prices, that they are of no significance. (P. 19) Hence there is no wage-problem, but only the problem of nourishment.

24. There follows a discussion of price and market problems, with reference to the author's experiences in Japanese occupied China in 1939. (P. 19)

25. Part VI deals with social welfare and care of the sick. The lack of drugs in the East is catastrophic. (P. 21)

26. Part VII deals with the schooling system. This has been limited so far to 3-4 classes of grammar school, in order to prevent the growth of a Russian intelligentsia which would become dissatisfied and promote national revolutionary ideas. (P. 22)

27. Citing British experiences with their colonial policy, the writer indicates that keeping down the education is of less importance than trying to satisfy the worker so that he is really willing to collaborate. (P. 23)

28. The report then goes into a discussion of the necessity of training industrial specialists, doctors and lawyers because the Slavic peoples will be needed tomorrow as fighting soldiers so that Germany can assert herself against the entire world. (P. 24)

29. It is also admitted that under the Soviets, every peasant child and every worker's son had the opportunity to become an engineer, doctor, Commander of the Red army etc. (P. 25)
The rest of the report deals with other problems of the German administration and suggestions for a more realistic policy in the East. Included are charts on the food rations in the occupied Eastern Territories. The table on the Ukraine contains the note that the rations listed there have never actually been distributed.
OFFICE OF U.S. CHIEF OF COUNSEL
FOR THE PROSECUTION OF AXIS CRIMINALITY
Doc. No. 1381 PS DATE 19 October 1945

STAFF EVIDENCE ANALYSIS

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).

Title and Nature: Secret report from the Reich Ministry for the occupied
Eastern Territories on the Political and economic situation in these territories

Date: December 1942 Original (X) Copy ( ) Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 19 October 1945:
Unknown; copy in OCC Files Nürnberg

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Rosenberg’s Files

PERSONS IMPLICATED: ROSENBERG, Alfred; SAUCKEL, Fritz; KEITEL, Wilhelm

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Par. nos. of Summary below):
ATROCITIES: Against Civilians; WEHRMACHT:OKW; FORCED LABOR

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIAL FORM: LEADS:
Selzer

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. Since the war in the East has turned out to be unexpectedly long and since
   military reverses must be counted on, it is the opinion of the military
   commanders and civilian administrators in the East, that the German Eastern
   Policy must be changed. (P. 2)

2. Food rations allowed the Russian population are so low, that they fail to
   secure their existence and provide only for minimum subsistence of limited
   duration. The population does not know if they will still live tomorrow.
   They are faced with death by starvation. (P. 2)

3. The peasants know from experience how to hide their produce and the Nazis
   were never able to seize 100% of the peasant crop.

4. The position taken by the Germans at one time, that there were too many
   people in the East and that the extermination of these people would be a
   blessing to the Germans has to be changed, since the German Wehrmacht
   lives by the work performed in the Eastern cities. The complaints over
   lack of workers after the execution of the “Sauckel Acts” are universal.
   (P. 3)
5. The roads are clogged by hundreds of thousands of people, sometime as many as one million according to the estimate of experts, who wander around in search of nourishment. (P. 4)

6. Since these wanderings deprive the German War Industry of valuable man-hours, it is necessary in the interests of German production to feed the urban population which is essential to German War Industry. (P. 4)

7. The families, to whom the workers now give part of their own food to save them from death, must also be considered. (P. 4)

8. Contrary to propaganda, the Ukraine and the Caucasus did not prove to be surplus producing areas, from which Germany and the rest of Europe could be fed in the future. (P. 5)

9. The great number of publications regarding the East, which are now spread throughout Germany, do not contain the truth. (P. 5)

10. The city population keeps alive through the black market. (P. 6)

11. Included is a list of black-market prizes (P. 6). One pair of shoes in Cracow cost 400-500 marks. One pound of butter in the Caucasus cost 15-20 marks etc.

12. The German soldier is partially responsible for these high prices. (P. 6)

13. The bodily health and appearance of the population at the time of conquest are proof that their nourishment was sufficient before the Germans came. (P. 8) The system of feeding under the Bolshevics must be described as exemplary by an objective observer. It has not yet been equalled in the Reich. (P. 8)

14. Due to the huge quota of food which must be delivered to the Reich, it is impossible to guarantee 100% the feeding of urban population, especially since peasants and some city dwellers always manage to retain food articles which escape our control. (P. 10)

15. For the time being, a system which guarantees a minimum of existence to the entire population cannot be put into effect. (P. 10)

16. Included in an account on the agricultural situation are comparative figures on the cattle stock under the Bolshevics and now. (P. 12) 50% of the cattle has to be turned over to the Germans. (P. 13)

17. Land is to be redistributed among the peasants in accordance with their contribution to the German war effort. (P. 14)

18. The author of the report admonishes Germany to learn from the British in the art of governing other peoples and claims that the German policy in the East has been a great failure. (P. 16)
Title and Nature: Table of services and value of production obtained from France.

Date: 1 October 42 Original ( ) Copy (x) Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESSES if applicable) as of 10 October 1945: Unknown; copy in OEC file numbers

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: OKW Landwirtschaftamt Gotha 23-F

PERSONS IMPlicated:

REFERENCES TO INDEX LEADING (Key to Par. Nos. of Summary below):

REICH GOVERNMENT AGENCIES: Deutsches Beschaffungsamt in France. (German office for industrial procurement).

SPOLIATION OF FOREIGN PROPERTY: Indirect spoliation.

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIAL FORM; LEADS:

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. This table, with deadline of 1 October 1942, shows the status of orders given to the French industry i.e. Fr 7,398,000,000 and the amount in value of delivered material as Fr 5,333,100,000.

2. This table comprises all the orders placed in France for the German armament authorities inclusive offices of the Army, Navy and Air Corp.
OFFICE OF U.S. CHIEF OF COUNSEL
FOR THE PROSECUTION OF AXIS CRIMINALITY

Doc. No. 1344 PS
Date 19 October 1945

STAFF EVIDENCE ANALYSIS

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).

Title and Nature: Minutes taken at a Staff Meeting, Paris, re:
The increase in efficiency of French Industry, and measures taken for
an efficient exploitation of the Black Market.

Date: 6 January 43  Original ( ) Copy (X) Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 19 October
1945: Unknown; copy in OCC Files Nurnberg.

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: 23-F

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Par. nos. of Summary below):
SPOILATION OF FOREIGN PROPERTY; Indirect spoliation.
REICH GOVERNMENT AGENCIES; Deutches Beschaffungsamt (German Materials
Procurement Office).

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIAL FORM; LEADS:
Maj. Ahlborn, Maj. Frenken OKVR Bolk

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. Page 1 of this document concerns the listing of factories engaged
in unessential work and discusses an early closing of such places.

2. Page 2 contains ample references to the black market and names the
amount of RM 1.1 billion expended by the DBA in the black market.
This money was used by Rogers Otto, Ministry of ammunition and
armament and organization Todt and other firms delegated to make
purchases in the black market, in procuring raw materials and
foreign currency.

3. Measures are discussed to eliminate future black market purchases
from the internal production and procurement program.

Analyst Siebenschein
OFFICE OF U.S. CHIEF OF COUNSEL
FOR THE PROSECUTION OF AXIS CRIMINALITY

Doc. No. 1294-PS Date 20 October 1945

STAFF EVIDENCE ANALYSIS

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).

Title and Nature: Interdepartmental Correspondence, Office of the Commissioner for the Four-Year Plan and Subordinate Authorities re the Organization and Work of the Wirtschafts-Führungsstab Ost

Date: 22 May 41 Original (x) Copy (x) Language: German
to 17 Nov 43

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 20 October 1945:

OCC Files, Nürnberg

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL:

PERSONS IMPLICATED: GOERING, Hermann; ROSENBERG, Alfred; BACKE, Herbert

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Par. nos. of Summary below):

AGGRESSIVE WAR, STATEMENTS AND PLANS = SPOLIATION OF FOREIGN PROerty: Indirect Spoliation - Direct Seizure

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIARY FORM; LEADS:

General Schubert; Secretary of State Alpers; Secretary of State Koerner

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. This correspondence shows clearly German premeditation in the attack on Russia by planning the future exploitation of the conquered territory and the setting up of the said Wirtschafts-Führungsstab Ost.

2. Secretary of State Alpers' signed copy of his letter 22 May 1941 to Goering as head of the Economic Control Department (Wirtschafts-Führungsstab) and for the attention of General Schubert, requests certain changes to be made in the draft of the decree establishing the Wirtschafts-Führungsstab. The purpose of these changes is an increased emphasis on the reasons for campaign Barbarossa (attack on Russia). It should be stated that the purpose for this campaign is the achieving of certain all-embracing political aims and the much-needed improvement and assistance for the German war effort. (Document A, page 1, par. 3)
3. This document (A) definitely states that Rosenberg was appointed head of the administration for the occupied territories at this or an earlier date (22 May 1941).

4. Document B, a copy of a letter written to the Secretary of State Koerner at the Office of the Four-Year Plan Administration (writer probably Rosenberg) dated 13 June 1941, requests Koerner to confirm his (Rosenberg's) appointment as head of the Central Authority in charge of all questions concerning "Eastern European space". The Fuehrer Decree 20 April 1941 is cited as a basic authority.

5. Document C, Goering's internal directive 18 July 1941 number 222H, distributes the newly-conquered territories to the various general commissariats, and assigns certain priority tasks; for example, economic reconnaissance, etc; to newly set up authorities.

6. Document D of 4 April 1941. Goering directs Lohse as Reich Commissar for Ostland to promulgate an attached order concerning the establishment of a trustee's administration in the territory under his control. See provisions contained therein. The provinces of the so-called "monopoly firms" are defined in this connection.

7. Document E. Goering's letter of 20 May 1942 enlarges upon this directive of 7 November 1941, and clarifies the position as such "The properties and funds confiscated (previously belonging to the Russian State) has become available through and during the fight against Bolshevism and is, therefore, to be used in partial settlement of German war expenditure." The properties so defined are to be managed separately and not included in the normal budgets of the various administrative districts. Goering then goes into detail concerning the future disposal of such property and names the classes of persons who may benefit by it; German veterans, etc.

8. Letters and correspondence contained in document F show the directing part Goering and Rosenberg play in the running of the Eastern territories, especially where agriculture and its benefits for Germany are concerned.

9. Document G. A letter from Goering's office to Secretary of State Saake, 17 November 1943, supplies in the last paragraph a detailed list of foodstuffs procured from all occupied Eastern territories, time 1941 - 1943. This shows the amount of indirect and direct spoliation carried out by the Germans in these territories.

Analyst: Siebenschein.
OFFICE OF U.S. CHIEF OF COUNSEL
FOR THE PROSECUTION OF AXIS CRIMINALITY

Doc. No. 1253-PS Date 13 October 1945

STAFF EVIDENCE ANALYSIS

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).

Title and Nature: Summary of War Activities of Rosenberg's Party Education Agency, including Einsatzstab Rosenberg.

Date: 21 Jan 1943 Original ( ) Copy (X) Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 13 October 1945:
Unknown; copy in OCC Files, Nürnberg

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: A-156

PERSONS IMPLICATED: ROSENBERG, Alfred

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Par. nos. of Summary below)

SPOLIATION OF FOREIGN PROPERTY: Direct Seizure** IDEOLOGY, NAZI: Totalitarian State ** NSDAP

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIAL FORM; LEADS:

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. The document gives the reason and thoughts behind the setting up of the Department Rosenberg, and especially the Einsatzstab, which is, shortly, the combating of all the ideological powers inimical to the National Socialist concept.

2. Special attention should be drawn to pages 5 - 11, dealing with the activity of the Einsatzstab Rosenberg in the occupied territories; i.e., the confiscation of Jewish property and art collections. The inclosed loose sheets form a detailed report on the work the Office Rosenberg has been doing in the years 1939 - 1942.

Analyst: Siebenschein

Doc. No. 1253-PS
OFFICE OF U.S. CHIEF OF COUNSEL
FOR THE PROSECUTION OF AXIS CRIMINALITY
Date: 19 October 1945

Doc. No. 1222-PS STAFF EVIDENCE ANALYSIS

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).

Title and Nature: Letter from Dr. Ley to Keitel protesting against giving the additional food allowances for heavy and heaviest labor to PW's and Internes.

Date: 26 April 40 Original ( ) Copy (X) Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 19 October 1945; Unknown; copy in OCC Files Nürnberg

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Ley's Correspondence Files

PERSONS IMPLICATED: HITLER, Adolf; KEITEL, Wilhelm; LEY, Robert

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to par. nos. of Summary below):

FORCED LABOR; GENEVA CONVENTION, BREACH OF; NSDAP; DAP; WEHRMACHT; OKW

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIARY FORM; LEADS: None

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. Ley refers to an order of the OKW which states: Since the PW's and Internes are fed according to civilian allowances, they will also get the special allowances for heavy and heaviest labor as far as German workers would be entitled to them.

2. Ley protests that German workers have no sympathy for such a measure since so few Germans can enjoy these privileges. Ley considers the regulation intolerable, especially if applied to Polish PW's.

Analyst: Hartman Doc. No. 1222-PS
STAFF EVIDENCE ANALYSIS

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).

Title and Nature: Drafts for the decree on the control of Jewish Property.

Date: 26 November '38 Original ( ) Copy (X) Language: German
7 December '38

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 19 October 1945:

Unknown; copy in OCC Files, Nürnberg

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: 13-B

PERSONS IMPlicated: HITLER, Adolf; GOERING, Hermann; FRICK, Wilhelm; KROSICK, Schwerin von; SELDIE, Preus; DARRE, Richard Walter; BACKE, Herbert; SPEER, Albert

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Par. nos. of Summary below):

JEWS, PERSECUTION OF—REICH GOVERNMENT AGENCIES: Depts. of Economics, Treasury, Justice, Labor, Agriculture; Foreign Office

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIARY FORM; LEADS:

Doc. 1409-PS

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. This file contains various drafts of the decree, published in its final form in Reichsgesetzblatt I, page 1709, series of 1938, and correspondence discussing minor changes.

2. Of interest are the red bordered letters of transmittal from the Ministry of Economics of

(a) 26 November 38: It contains invitations to the representatives of the Treasury, Ministries of Justice, Labor and Agriculture and the National Forester General to attend a conference to formulate the final draft of the decree.

(b) 1 December 38. In this letter the Ministry of Economics informs the interested agencies (included beyond (a) are: The Foreign Office, National Price Commissioner, and the Inspector General for Construction in Berlin) that this draft will become law as soon as Goering as Commissioner for the Four Year Plan agrees.

Analyst: Hartman
Description of Attached Document (Under following headings).

Title and Nature: Top Secret notes on Goering's remarks in the conference in National Air Ministry on 7 Nov 1941.

Date: 11 Nov 41 Original (x) Copy ( ) Language: German

Location of Original: (also Witness if applicable) as of 19 October 1945: 600 file numbers.

Source of Original: 23-F

Persons Implicated: Hitler, Adolf; Goering, Hermann; Keitel, Wilhelm

References to Index Headings (Key to Par. Nos. of Summary below):

Necessary Processing to Put in Evidence: None

Summary of Relevant Points (with page references):

1. These notes are under the heading "Wirtschaftsruftung". They concern the same conference as State Secretary Koerner's summary. For general statement of contents, see Document 1193 PS.

2. The initial paragraph states that Hitler has changed his mind about use of Poles in the war economy. He wants increased use of French and Belgian Poles in the Armament Industry.

3. Use of Russian Poles: The notes correspond to the contents of Section A of Document 1193 PS. Interesting is the remark about nutrition: "Task of the Four Year Plan production of own food (cats, horses, etc.)". The remark on clothing, housing, food: "Somewhat better than at home where people live partly in caves".

4. Remarks on some points (pages 4-5) contain some of the points about "Free" Russian workers in Document 1193 PS. Points of interest: (a) Poles, Dutch, etc., should be drafted as Poles if no efficient work can be realized by contract labor.

(a) forgers should not be treated like German workers, but no posters should incite feelings of inferiority.

(c) mobilization of Russians must be speeded up because of daily decreasing amount of manpower by losses (lack of food and shelter).

Analyst: Hartman

Doc.No. 1206 PS
OFFICE OF U.S. CHIEF OF COURSE
FOR THE PROSECUTION OF WAR CRIMINALITY
DATE 19 October 1945

Doc. No. 1194 PS

STATE EVIDENCE ANALYSIS

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings):

Title and nature: Diary notes pertaining to the systematic looting of France.

Date: June-Oct 40 Original (x) Copy ( ) Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 19 October 1945: GOG Files Nürnberg

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: 32-3

PERSONS IMPlicated: KEITEL, Wilhelm

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Par. Nos. of Summary below):

SPOILIA OF FOREIGN PROPERTY: Direct Seizure

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIARY FORM: None

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. The first two pages of this document kept in form of a diary deal with the organization and setting up of branch offices by Wirtschaftsamt. Note the early date on these notes.

2. Page 3 contains references to the amount of machine tools and allied equipment taken to Germany as of 16 September 1940.

3. Page 4 quotes various German Staff Officers and outlines the German policy to be adopted in France for transportation of urgent needed machinery to the Reich (10 October 1940).

4. Page 5 discusses the future use of PAs in Germany and France itself. These prisoners are to be employed in Germany itself in industrial undertakings and in France in agriculture and forestry.

5. Page 6, 28 October 1940, discusses the difference between prize and booty stocks taken by the German Army. This refers to raw material secured in French ports and dock installations. The whole question is considered of secondary importance as long as these materials are now in German hands.

Analyst: Siebenschein

Doc. No. 1194 PS
OFFICE OF U.S. CHIEF OF COUNSEL
FOR THE PROSECUTION OF AXIS CRIMINALITY
Doc. No. 1190-PS Date 19 October 1945

STAFF EVIDENCE ANALYSIS

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).

Title and Nature: Secret order of OKW on paroles for Officer PWs

Date: 15 August 42 Original ( ), Copy (x) Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 19 Oct 1945:

Unknown; copy in OCC files Nurnberg.

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL 23-F

PERSONS IMPLICATED: KEITEL, Wilhelm; REINECKE, Hermann

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Par. nos. of Summary below):

ATROCITIES: against military personnel -- GENEVA CONVENTION, BREACH OF -- WEHRMACHT: OKW

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIAL FORM; LEADS:

None

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. Both documents refer to an addition of a clause to the form for paroles by Officer PWs. In it the signer certifies he knows the clause of the German Articles of War that a PW who breaks his parole not to escape will be punished by death. This clause must be made known to every Officer PW in his native language.

Analyst Hartman

Doc. No. 1190-PS
Officer of U.S. Chief of Counsel
For the Prosecution of Axis Criminality
Date: 20 October 1945

Doc. No. 1187-PS

Staff Evidence Analysis

Description of Attached Document (Under following headings):

Title and Nature: Discussion of problems connected with Transportation of Russian Workers and PWs to Germany.

Date: 23 Sept. 43 Original (X) Copy ( ) Language: German

Location of Original (also Witness if applicable) as of 20 October 1945:

OCC Files, Nürnberg

Source of Original: 23-F

Persons Implicated: Ketel, Wilhelm

References to Index Headings (Key to Par. Nos. of Summary below):

Wehrmacht: OKW; Atrocities: Against Military Personnel; Atrocities: Against Civilians; Deportation.

Necessary Processing to Put in Evidentiary Form: Leads: Col. Dr. Krull.

Summary of Relevant Points (with page references):

1. This memorandum discusses the apparent difficulties which the transportation of workers from Russia to Germany would entail. It is particularly mentioned that the task already at hand (of transporting 600,000 prisoners of war to Germany) presents difficulties which are almost insurmountable.

2. The difficulties are: shortage of food in Germany, procurement of trains and provision of food during transit.

Analyst: Siebenschein
Date: 18 October 1945

Doc. No. 1180-PS    STAFF EVIDENCE ANALYSIS

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).

Title and Nature: Letter of the FW Commander of IV Corps Area to OKW (FW Section) on feeding of Russian PW's.

Date: 23 December 41 Original ( ) Copy (X) Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 18 October 1945: Unknown; copy in OCC Files Nürnberg

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: 23-P

PERSONS IMPLICATED: HITLER, Adolf; KEITEL, Wilhelm; DARRE, Richard Walter; RITTER, Herbert; GOERING, Hermann; SELDHE, Franz

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to par. nos. of Summary below):

ATROCITIES: against military personnel; ATROCITIES: others;
FORCED LABOR; WEHRMACHT: KH; ARMY: KH; GENEVA CONVENTION,
BREACH OF; REICH GOVERNMENT AGENCIES: Depts. of Labor and Agriculture

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIARY FORM; LEADS;

Doc. 1179-PS

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. The writer refers to a teletype message of the Chief of Armaments and Commander of the Home Army of 17 December 1941 which modifies the food allowances for Russian PW's engaged in heavy labor.

2. The writer compares the old and new allowances for Russians with allowances for French PW's engaged in heavy labor. The French receive now about three pounds bread, 1 pound meat, and ½ pound fat a week more than the Russians whose bread and meat allowances have been further shortened by the new regulation. The skimmed milk which the Russians are allowed will be difficult to provide, the increased allowance of fodder beets is of no importance since this food is not rationed and may be provided for French PW's anyway.

3. The Corps Area Commander raises serious objections to the new regulations. The civilian agencies should be instructed to abandon the principle to provide an inferior nutrition for
Russian FW's than other foreign FWs or civilian workers. He refers to Goering's order of 14 November 1941, which specifies sufficient food according to national habits. Otherwise, the use of Russian FW's will be uneconomic, and their output and health will continue to deteriorate.

Analyst: Hartman
DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).


Date: 6 February 42 Original ( ) Copy (X) Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 18 October 1945: Unknown; copy in OCC Files Nürnberg

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: 23-P

PERSONS IMPLICATED: HITLER, Adolf; KEITEL, Wilhelm; SELDTE, Franz; GOERING, Hermann, SPEER, Albert

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to par. nos. of Summary below):

FORCED LABOR; DEPORTATION

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIARY FORM; LEADS: None

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. The Commission reports on the selection and processing of Russian PW's for use as labor in Germany. Due to difficulties with typhus, lack of materials for construction of quarantine camps, and lack of transportation this program has made little progress. It mentions that prisoners in the country are better fed and therefore have priority for selection.

2. The recruiting of civilian workers is still in its beginnings. There is little willingness to volunteer (thus far only 50 have done so) and forceful measures are considered undesirable.

3. The copy is indorsed by the Wi Ru office of the OKW to an official of Goering's Office for the Four Year Plan for information and necessary action.

Analyst: Hartman
DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings):

Title and Nature: Letter from the leader of the Central Office "Überstaatliche Maechte" to Rosenberg dealing with the fight against the Jews.

Date: 21 April 44 Original (X) Copy ( ) Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 13 October 1945:

OCC Files Nürnberg

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: R-46

PERSONS IMPlicated: ROSENBERG, Alfred; BORMANN, Martin; HIMMLER, Heinrich

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Per. nos. of Summary below):

Jews, Persecution Of—NSDAP

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIARY TOOK; LEADS: Hagemeyer, Hans, and others listed in document

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS( with page references ):

1. The undersigned, in a memorandum to Bormann and Himmler, establishes the prerogative of the NSDAP in the fight against the international powers (überstaatliche Maechte).

2. Neglect of the subject: Fight against the Jews is as certain and the following propositions are made therefore. (Page 2-3)

3. Mobilizing of the European Intelligence by the organization "World-Service-Friends". (Page 3)

4. In the "Guest-house Espenhain" anti-Jewish politicians, publishers and scientists will hold lectures and discussions. (Page 3)

5. The European workers are to become bearers of the anti-Jewish movement. (Page 4)

6. International rallies on this subject are to be held, where the formation of labor committees will be organized. These committees will comprise representatives of all accessible European countries. Sections will also be formed in these countries, which will act as advisors to the Jew Commissars. Anti-Jewish propaganda material will be collected, which is suitable to find access into the enemy countries. (Page 4)

7. In foreign politics, Rosenberg Office will act as advisor on all Jewish
Doc.No.1136-PS  STAFF EVIDENCE ANALYSIS

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).

   Title and Nature: Letter from Dr. Waegner to Dr. Runte with attached answer from Dr. Conti.
   Date: Aug/Sept 41  Original ( ) Copy (X) Language: German
   LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 17 October 1945: Unknown; copy in OCC File No. Nürnberg.
   SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Rosenberg Files
   PERSONS IMPLICATED: Rosenberg, Alfred

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to par. nos. of Summary below):

   ATROCITIES: Against Civilians: JEWS, PERSECUTION OF
   NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIAL FORM; LEADS:
      Dr. Waegner; Dr. Runte; Dr. Conti; Dr. Labs

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

   1. In a signed letter Dr. Waegner proposes the elimination of all Jewish doctors, dentists and druggists in the East, especially White Ruthenia and Latvia. They are to be locked into Ghettos and used for the Jewish population only.

   2. The letter is answered by Dr. Conti, Reich Health Leader, who agrees wholeheartedly with Dr. Waegner.

   3. According to Dr. Conti, it is only important to combat the epidemics, and if there should be a shortage of doctors, sanitary technicians and army surgeons should be trained through accelerated courses.

Analyst: Schäfer

Doc.No.1136-PS
DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).

Title and Nature: Letters from FUEHRUNGSSTAB POLITIK re: Application of Law for the protection of mothers to Estonians, Latvians and Lithuanians.

Date: October 1943  (Original ( ) Copy (x) Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also VIEWS if applicable) as of 19 October 1945:
Unknown; copy in OCC Files, Nurenberg

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Rosenberg's Files

PERSONS IMPLICATED: ROSENBERG, Alfred; HIMMLER, Heinrich; KALTENBRUNNER, Ernst

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Pp. nos of Summary below):
ANNEXATION OF CONQUERED TERRITORY—SS—IDEOLOGY, NAZI: Racial Supremacy—POLICE: SD; RSHA; Sipo

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIARY FORM: LEADS: SS Gen. Dr. Kinkel, Dr. Mayor, Dr. Brautigan, Prof. v. Hondo, Sen. n. Allwarden, Councillor Beil, Dr. Wetzel

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. The letter dated October 27, 1943 refers to a telegram from Himmler, copy of which is attached, in which he informs Kaltenbrunner that he welcomes the extension of the law for protection of mothers to Latvian and Estonian. These peoples are said to be racially valuable and should be incorporated into the German community. The Lithuanians, however, should be excluded.

2. In answer, an official from the Fuehrungsstab Politik points out that this type of treatment would only serve to swell the Latvian and Estonian population and increase their resistance toward Germanization.

Analyst: Schafer

Doc. No. 1101-PS
OFFICE OF U.S. CHIEF OF COUNSEL
FOR THE PROSECUTION OF AXIS CRIMINALITY

Doc. No. 1060-PS  Date: 15 October 1945

STAFF EVIDENCE ANALYSIS

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).

Title and Nature: 1938 Reichsgesetzblatt, Part I, pages 249-250: Supplementary ordinance to the Decree concerning the Reunion of Austria with Germany.

Date: 16 March 38 Original ( ) Copy (X) Language: German and English

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 15 October 1945: Unknown; copy in OCC Library, Nürnberg. Translation in OCC Files, Nürnberg.

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Reichsgesetzblatt

PERSONS IMPLICATED: HITLER, Adolf; FRICK, Wilhelm; GOERING, Hermann

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Par. nos. of Summary below):

ANNEXATION OF CONQUERED TERRITORY—PUBLICATIONS: Reichsgesetzblatt—REICH GOVERNMENT AGENCIES: Ministry of Interior

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIARY FORM; LEADS: None

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. On the basis of the decree of 13 March 1938 (Reichsgesetzblatt Part I, page 237) Hitler ordered that the Reich Minister of the Interior is the control office for the Reunion of Austria with the Reich.

2. The minister of the Interior and the Commissioner for the Four Year Plan are to appoint jointly a Reich Deputy for Austria.

3. The ordinance is signed by Hitler, Frick and Goering.

Analyst: Landmann

iap
OFFICE OF U.S. CHIEF OF COUNSEL
FOR THE PROSECUTION OF AXIS CRIMINALITY

Doc. No. 930-18

Date 17 October 1945

STILL EVIDENCE ANALYSIS

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).

Title and Nature: Photostat copy of secret letter from Himmler to the Commanders of various concentration camps re: Execution of Russian prisoners of war

Date: 15 November 1941

Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also witness if applicable) as of 17 October 1945:

Unknown; copy in OCC File, Nuremberg

SOURCE OF CREDENTIALS: COE, Camp Ritchie

PERSONS INDICATED: HIMMLER, Heinrich; MÜLLER, Heinrich; GLÜCKS, Richard; KLAUSBERGER, Ernst

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to 1st. nos. of Summary below):

ATROCITIES: Against military personnel ** CONCENTRATION CAMPS ** GENEVA CONVENTION, ARTICLES 232 ** SIO ** GLÜCKS: SD

NECESSARY PROCEDURES TO PUT IN EVIDENTIAL FORM: LEGAL

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT ITEMS (with page references):

1. In a letter addressed to the Commanders of nine concentration camps, Himmler proclaims that certain Russian prisoners of war who were sent to the camps for execution may be used to work in the quarry if their strength permits it. This must be arranged in agreement with the Chiefs of SIO and SD.

2. Himmler decrees that upon arrival of the execution transports in the camps, camp doctors are to select strong Russians, suitable for working in the quarry.

Analyst: Senator

Doc. No. 930-18
OFFICE OF U.S. CHIEF OF COUNSEL
FOR THE PROSECUTION OF AXIS CRIMINALITY

Doc No. 646 PS Date 19 October 1945

STAFF EVIDENCE ANALYSIS

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).

Title and Nature: Letters of Foreign Office and OKW on the Legal End of the Polish State, with letters of transmittal.

Date: 15 May 40 Original ( ) Copy (x) Language: German
15 Apr 40

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 19 Oct 45:
Unknown; copy in OCC Files, Nürnberg.

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: 16-B

PERSONS IMPLICATED: HITLER, Adolf; KEITEL, Wilhelm; RIBBENTROP, Joachim von; LAMERS, Hans Heinrich

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Par. nos. of Summary below):
ANNEXATION OF CONQUERED TERRITORY
NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIAL FORM; LEADS: None

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. Lamers transmits copies of the correspondence of the Foreign Office and OKW on the disintegration of the Polish State, with letter dated 22 June 1940.

2. The letter of the OKW of 15 April 1940 states that the destruction of the Polish State constitutes the termination of the war with Poland. Hitler has expressed this view by vesting all civilian administrative power in the person of the Governor General who exercises "Fiduciary sovereignty". Use of the military to break any resistance in Poland would be on the same level as quelling disturbances in the older German areas.

3. The decision of Hitler forms the basis for the treatment of Polish PW's. They will be treated according to the Geneva Convention until discharged but the clauses which require a Polish state as belligerent power are no longer applicable e.g. the clauses on rights and duties of the protective power.

4. The letter of the Foreign Office of 15 May 1940 agrees with the conclusions of the OKW. It adds points of interest in regard to International Law.
   (a) The German Treaty on borders and friendship of 28 September 1939 with USSR acknowledges this situation by speaking of the "hitherto existing" Polish State.
   (b) It also refers to a border treaty with Slovakia and other diplomatic actions of other Axis Powers.

Analyst: Hartman

Doc No. 646 PS
OFFICE OF U.S. CHIEF OF COUNSEL
FOR THE PROSECUTION OF ALL CRIMINALITY

Date: 18 October 1945

Doc. No. 581 PS

STAFF EVIDENCE ANALYSIS

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings):

Title and Nature: Directives of the Ministry of Labor on selection of, and restorative diet for Russian P I's for labor in the German Economy.

Date: 9 December 41. Original (X) Copy ( ) Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 18 October 1945; OCC Files Nürnberg

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: ?

PERSONS IMPLICATED: HITLER, Adolf; KEITEL, Wilhelm; GÖRING, Hermann; SELTZER, Franz; BIRKE, Richard Walter; BACH, Herbert.

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Par. nos. of Summary below):

ATROCITIES - Against Military Personnel; Others.
FORCED LABOR
WEHRMACHT; OKW.
REICH GOVERNMENT AGENCIES - Department of Labor.
Department of Agriculture.

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIARY FORM; LEADS: None.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. Those directives refer to two decrees of the Minister of Labor on measures for the mobilization of the manpower of Russian Po I's. Most of the regulations concern the screening out of workers suitable by training and state of health for work in the German Economy.

2. Par. 2 & 6 refer to "allowance for a restorative diet" for Russian Po I's who are not immediately able to do work but can be restored to usefulness by dietary measures. The writer is especially anxious to expedite these measures since apparently the number of Po I's still able to work is smaller than expected.

Analyst: Hartman.
DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT (Under following headings).

Title and Nature: Request for Use of Jews in the Riga Institute for Medical Zoology as Blood Donors for the Feeding of Lice

Date: 11 Nov 1942 Original ( ) Copy (X) Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of 17 October 1945: Unknown; copy in OCC Files, Nürnberg

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Rosenberg Files

PERSONS IMPLICATED: ROSENBERG, Alfred

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to par. nos. of Summary below):

ATROCITIES: Against Civilians; JEWS, PERSECUTION OF

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIARY FORM; LEADS: Lohse

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. Based on a decree by the Reich Commissioner for the Eastern territories, the Institute for Medical Zoology at Riga requests permission to use three Jews in connection with research on the combatting of spot fever.

2. The Jews are to be used as guinea pigs, with lice carrying spot fever germs feeding on them.

3. The Jews will not be capable of work thereafter, since they have to be subjected to repeated cures if they are to remain available for continuous experimentation.

Analyst: Schäfer
OCCIDENTAL DOCUMENT (Under following headings).

Title and Nature: Secret record of censored letters from Russia

Dated: 16 June 1943 Original (X) Language: German

LOCATION OF ORIGIN (Also Witness if applicable) as of 19 October 1945:

OOB Files Nurnberg

SOURCE OF ORIGIN: Rosenberg's Files

PERSONS DETERMINED: ROSENBERG, Alfred; LEY, Robert

REFERENCES TO INDEX HEADINGS (Key to Pan. nos. of Summary below):

COLLATION OF FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE: Direct seizure—REICH GOVERNMENT AGENCIES

REICH MINISTRY FOR THE EAST; D...F (German Labor Front).

NECESSARY PROCESSING TO PUT IN EVIDENTIARY FORM: LAND:

Dr. Breitigan

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. The document contains censored passages from letters originating from Russia. It shows the German policy of forcing people indirectly to take up work in Germany by stopping their allowances.

2. In the first letter the writer complains that her cow had been taken and that she does not get any assistance allowance, while others whose children are in Germany get the allowance; no cattle is taken from those.

3. The second letter deals with the same complaint. Two old people do not get any old age pensions and their cow stable was requisitioned.

4. Lists containing the names of sixty Russians are then attached, which all complain about the non-payment of family allowances.

5. Of special interest is a passage in a letter from the 16 May 1943. I quote: "We do not get any support they tell us! Why did not your children go voluntarily to Germany? We know exactly where our money remains."

Analyst: Schonfeld